

English conversation

And

vocabulary building for Mattayom - 4

Thatnaraiwittaya school.

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Semester 2

Unit 1. "Used to"

'Used to + infinitive':

We use this expression to talk about habits or repeated actions in the past which we don't do in the present. We also use it to talk about states in the past which are no longer true.

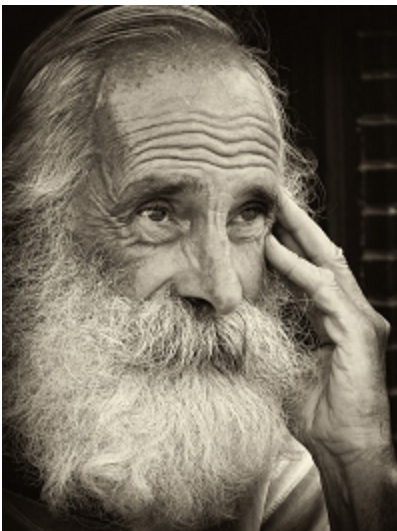
- For example:
- I used to have long hair (but now I have short hair).
 - He used to smoke (but now he doesn't smoke).
 - They used to live in India (but now they live in Germany).

Watch out! With the negative and the question it's 'use' and not 'used':

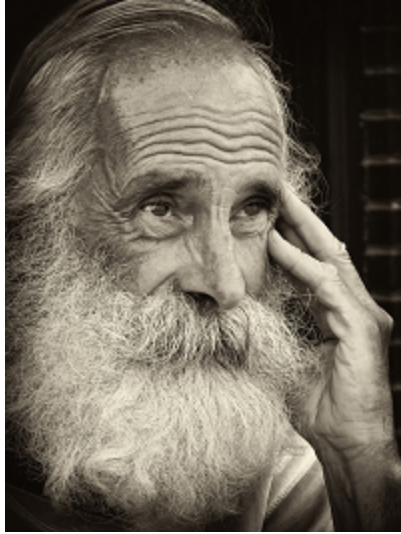
- Did you use to be a teacher?
- Did he use to study French?
- She didn't use to like chocolate, but she does now.
- I didn't use to want to have a nice house.

Note! With this 'used to' there is no verb 'be'. We CAN'T say 'I am used to have long hair'.

EXERCISE 1



1. In your opinion, where is this man from?
2. Is he married?
3. Does he have children?
4. Does he work?
5. What did he do when he was younger?



- **This man is retired now.**
- **He used to be a teacher of English.**
- **He used to teach both little children and adults.**
- **He used to make his students laugh with his funny way of teaching.**
- **His students used to love him. Now he is very old. He is retired.**

What was your life like when you were young?

Use the phrases:

- 'used to'
- 'didn't use to..'

Used to have...

Used to do...

Used to go to...

Used to live in...

Used to buy...

Used to play.

Exercise 2

Complete these sentences with used to or didn't use to.

- 1 I _____ play the guitar, but I do now.
- 2 I _____ ride a bike, but I don't any more.
- 3 I _____ collect stamps, but I don't any more.
- 4 I _____ enjoy getting up early, but I do now.
- 5 I _____ be worried about the environment, but I am now.
- 6 I _____ be afraid of flying, but I'm not anymore.
- 7 I _____ know how to use a computer, but I do now.

Make an affirmative sentence, negative sentence or question using 'used to + infinitive':

1. I / live in a flat when I was a child.

2. We / go to the beach every summer?

3. She / love eating chocolate, but now she hates it.

4. He / not / smoke.

5. I / play tennis when I was at school.

6. She / be able to speak French, but she has forgotten it all.

7. He / play golf every weekend?

8. They both / have short hair.

9. Julie / study Portuguese.

10. I / not / hate school.

Unit 2. Money

Word list

Spend

Save

Buy

Donate

Borrow

Lend

Change

Coins

Notes



Exercise 1

How much is your t-shirt?

I _____ 300 baht on my t-shirt.

What do you spend your money on?

I _____ my money on _____, _____ and _____.

What are you saving for?

I'm saving money to buy _____.

Do you donate money to the temple?

Yes I _____ 1000 baht to the temple.

Can I get change for a _____ baht?

Yes, I can give you two 500 baht notes.

Unit 2

Questions: Is money important? Why? / Why not?

Complete the 15 sentences with the words on the left



ATM, cash, cashier, check, credit card,
dime, dollar, euro, millionaire, nickel,
penny, price, quarter, spend, tax.

What is the _____? How much does it cost?

There are one hundred cents in one euro and in one _____.

In the USA and a few other countries, people use the dollar. In Europe, people use the _____.

A _____ is a person who has one million (1,000,000) dollars (or more).

A _____ is a coin worth one cent.

An _____ is an automated teller machine. Many people also call it a bank machine.

I want to pay for this shopping cart of groceries. Where is the _____?

How many cents are there in one _____? There are five cents.

How many cents are there in one _____? There are ten cents.

When you buy something in a store, you will probably have to pay _____, in addition to the price

You can get _____ from an ATM. It is money that you can see and touch

Complete the sentences and questions with the words in the box.

B: _____. Can I speak to Ashiro, please?

A: This is _____.

B: Hi, _____. This is Yuri. How are you?

A: I'm alright. _____?

B: I'm good. I was wondering if you were _____ this Saturday.

A: Yes, I am. _____ you like to do something?

B: Yeah, I was thinking of going to _____ the new Indiana Jones movie. Interested?

A: Definitely! _____ should we meet?

B: How _____ the big theatre in Roping Hills? Say, 2:00p.m.?

A: Sounds good. _____ you there!

B: Cool. _____!

A: _____ afternoon. JP Morgan Investment Bank.

How may I _____ you?

B: Hello. May I _____ to Mr. Tanaka in accounting please?

A: One _____, please..... I'm sorry, I'm afraid Mr. Tanaka isn't in his office at the _____.

Can I take a _____?

B: No, that's _____.

I'll call again _____. Thank you.

A: You're _____. Good-bye.



Unit.3

Telephone Time

In groups of three, choose who will be number 1, 2 and 3.

Hello?

Hello. This is _____.

Is this _____ ?

Yes, it is.

May I speak to _____ ?

Sure, just a minute.

Hi, _____. What's up?

I'm going to _____. Why don't you come?

I'm sorry. I can't. I have to _____.

I see. Maybe some other time.

Unit.4 Health and illnesses



1. Alan has a cut in his neck.

2. John has a sore throat.

3. Harry has a cut in his hand.

4. Jack has a broken arm.



5. Michael has a temperature.

6. Phil has a toothache.

7. Patrick has a stomachache.

8. Sergio has a headache.

9. Tim has a pain in his shoulder.



10. William has a broken finger.



Write the definitions with the right word.

Aspirin, Hospital, Dentist, Pain reliever, Doctor, Band aid

Surgeon, Alcohol, Elastic band, Psychologist, nurse.

1A short length of [rubber](#) and [latex](#) formed in the shape of a loop.

2A place where you when you have an a

3An analgesic to relieve minor aches and pains

4A person who takes care of sick and injured people.

5An institution that provides medical, surgical, or psychiatric care and treatment for the sick or the injured people.

6An adhesive which people normally use when they get a cut.

7A person who takes care of your teeth.

8A liquid used to disinfect an injury.

9A person who likes to listen and to talk to you when you have problems.

10A pill or liquid used to relieve pain

11A person who always helps the doctor with sick and injured people.

12 A person who cuts the body, whether human or animal, for a specific reason such to remove a diseased organ or to repair a tear or breakage.

headache, toothache, cough, broken leg, backache, stomachache, runny nose, sore throat, bleeding nose, cut on finger, cold, high temperature



- What's the matter?
- I've got a _____
-You should _____



- What's the matter?
- I've got a _____
-You should _____



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- What's the matter?
- I've got a

-You should



- What's the matter?
- I've got a

-You should

put ice on the nose, eat healthy food, visit a dentist, take an aspirin, put a cast
, use a nose spray, wear a bandage , visit a doctor, use a plaster, drink hot
milk, take vitamins, cold, put warming up cream